



States that prohibit bullying and harassment in schools based on sexual orientation and gender identity (9 states and Washington, DC):

California (1999/2004), Illinois* (2007), Iowa (2007), Maine (2005), Maryland (2008), Minnesota* (1993), New Jersey (2002), Oregon* (2007), Vermont (1993/2007), Washington, DC (1977/2006)



States that prohibit bullying and harassment in schools based on sexual orientation (4 states):

Connecticut* (1997), Massachusetts (1993), Washington (2002), Wisconsin (2005)



States with school anti-bullying and harassment laws that do not list categories (24 states):

Alaska (2006), Arizona (2005), Arkansas (2003), Colorado (2000), Connecticut* (2002), Delaware (2007), Florida (2008), Georgia (2000), Idaho (2006), Illinois* (1995), Indiana (2005), Kentucky (2008), Louisiana (2001), Minnesota* (2005), Missouri (2006), New Hampshire (2000), Ohio (2006), Oklahoma (2002), Oregon* (2001), Rhode Island (2003), South Carolina (2006), Tennessee (2005), Texas (2005), West Virginia (2001)

**OR, MN, IL do not list categories in their anti-bullying laws, but bullying and harassment on the basis of sexual orientation and gender identity is prohibited by their nondiscrimination laws, which cover educational institutions. CT similarly does not list categories in its anti-bullying law, but bullying and harassment on the basis of sexual orientation is prohibited by its education-inclusive nondiscrimination law.*



**STATE-BY-STATE:
ANTI-BULLING LAWS IN THE U.S.**

(This chart has required no update since July 2008)

States that prohibit bullying and harassment in schools based on sexual orientation and gender identity		
1.	California (1999/2004)	Cal. Educ. Code § 220 (1999 – sexual orientation discrimination prohibited in schools; 2004 – gender identity discrimination prohibited in schools)
2.	Illinois (2007)	§ 775 Ill Comp. Stat. 5/5-101 (2007) (sexual orientation and gender identity discrimination prohibited in schools)
3.	Iowa (2007)	Iowa Code § 280.28 (2007) (sexual orientation and gender identity bullying prohibited in schools); Iowa Code § 216.9 (2007) (sexual orientation and gender identity discrimination prohibited in schools)
4.	Maine (2005)	Me. Rev. Stat. Ann. 5 § 4602 (2005) (sexual orientation and gender identity discrimination prohibited in schools)
5.	Maryland (2008)	§ 7-424.1 (2008) (sexual orientation and gender identity bullying prohibited in schools)
6.	Minnesota (1993)	Minn. Stat. § 363A.13 (1993) (sexual orientation and gender identity discrimination prohibited in schools)
7.	New Jersey (2002)	N.J. Stat. § 18A:37-14 (2002) (sexual orientation and gender identity bullying prohibited in schools); N.J. Stat. § 10:1-2 (1992 - sexual orientation discrimination prohibited in schools; 2006 - gender identity discrimination prohibited in schools)
8.	Oregon (2007)	Or. Rev. Stat. §§ 338.125 and 659.850 (2007 – sexual orientation and gender identity discrimination prohibited in schools)
9.	Vermont (1993/2007)	16 Vt. Stat. Ann. §§ 1 and 11 (1993 – sexual orientation bullying prohibited in schools; 2007 – gender identity bullying prohibited in schools)
10.	Washington, DC (1977/2006)	D.C. Code §§ 2-1401.02 and 2-1402.41 (1977 – sexual orientation discrimination prohibited in schools; 2006 – gender identity discrimination prohibited in schools)

States that prohibit bullying and harassment in schools based on sexual orientation		
1.	Connecticut (1997)	Conn. Gen. Stat. § 10-15c; Conn. Gen. Stat. § 46a-81a (1997) (sexual orientation discrimination prohibited in schools)
2.	Massachusetts (1993)	Mass. Gen. Laws ch. 76 § 5 (1993) (sexual orientation discrimination prohibited in schools)
3.	Washington (2002)	Wash. Rev. Code § 28A.300.285 (2002) (sexual orientation bullying prohibited in schools)
4.	Wisconsin (2005)	Wis. Stat. § 118.13 (2005) (sexual orientation discrimination prohibited in schools)

States with school anti-bullying and harassment laws that do not list categories		
1.	Alaska (2006)	Alaska Stat. § 14.33.200, et seq. (2006)

2.	Arizona (2005)	Ariz. Rev. Stat. § 15-341 (2005)
3.	Arkansas (2003)	Ark. Code Ann. § 6-18-514 (2003)
4.	Colorado (2000)	Colo. Rev. Stat. § 22-32-109.1 (2000)
5.	Connecticut (2002)	Conn. Gen. Stat. § 10-222d (2002)
6.	Delaware (2007)	Del. Code Ann. tit. 14 § 4112D (2007)
7.	Florida (2008)	Fl. Stat. § 1006.147 (2008)
8.	Georgia (2000)	Ga. Code Ann. § 20-2-751.4 (2000)
9.	Idaho (2006)	Idaho Code § 18-917A (2006)
10.	Illinois (1995)	§ 105 Ill. Comp. Stat. 5/13A-1 (1995)
11.	Indiana (2005)	Ind. Code § 20-33-8-0.2 (2005)
12.	Kentucky (2008)	KY Rev. Stat § 525.070 (2008)
13.	Louisiana (2001)	La. Rev. Stat. Ann § 17:416.13 (2001)
14.	Minnesota (2005)	Minn. Stat. § 121A.0695 (2005)
15.	Missouri (2006)	Mo. Rev. Stat. § 160.775 (2006)
16.	New Hampshire (2000)	N.H. Rev. Stat. Ann. §§ 193-F:2, 193-F:3 (2000)
17.	Ohio (2006)	Ohio Rev. Code Ann. § 3313.666 (2006)
18.	Oklahoma (2002)	Okl. Stat. tit. 70 § 24-100.3 (2002)
19.	Oregon (2001)	Or. Rev. Stat. § 339.351 (2001)
20.	Rhode Island (2003)	R.I. Gen. Laws § 16-21-26 (2003)
21.	South Carolina (2006)	S.C. Code Ann. § 59-63-120 (2006)
22.	Tennessee (2005)	Tenn. Code Ann. §§ 49-6-1014 through 49-6-1019 (2005)
23.	Texas (2005)	Tex. Educ. Code Ann. § 25.0342 (2005)
24.	West Virginia (2001)	W. Va. Code § 18-2C-2 (2001)

Family Equality Council works to ensure equality for lesbian, gay, bisexual and transgender (LGBT) families by building community, changing hearts and minds, and advancing social justice for all families. We envision a future where all families, regardless of creation or composition, will be able to live in communities that recognize, respect, protect, and celebrate them. We envision a country that celebrates a diversity of **family** constellations and respects individuals for supporting one another and sustaining loving families.